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Procyanidin B2 Datasheet

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4th Edition (Revised in July, 2016)

[Product Information]

Name: Procyanidin B2

Catalog No.: CFN99558

Cas No.: 29106-49-8

Purity: > 98%

M.F: C₃₀H₂₆O₁₂

M.W: 578.52

Physical Description: Powder

2H-1-benzopyran]-3,3',5,5',7,7'-hexol;Procyanidol B2.

[Intended Use]

- 1. Reference standards;
- 2. Pharmacological research;
- 3. Food research;
- 4. Cosmetic research;
- 5. Synthetic precursor compounds;
- 6. Intermediates & Fine Chemicals;
- 7. Ingredient in supplements, beverages;
- 8. Others.

[Source]

[Biological Activity or Inhibitors]

Procyanidin B2 (PB2) is a naturally occurring flavonoid widely found in cocoa, red wine and grape juice, PB2 could protect against oxidative stress- and chemical-induced injury in colonic cells by modulating the endogenous cellular defence, PB2 protects against oxidative injury in colonic cells and up-regulate the expression of GSTP1 via a mechanism that involves ERK and p38 MAPK activation and Nrf2 translocation.^[1]

Procyanidin B2 is one of phenolic compounds in apple pomace, an agro-industrial byproduct in apple juice processing, PB2 at no less than 50 mug.mL(-1) could significantly suppress inflammation in the LPS-induced cells, shows that high pure PB2 prepared from apple pomace has a remarkable anti-inflammatory property.^[2]

Procyanidin B2 exhibits cytotoxic activity to MCF-7 cells and it could be a potential antineoplastic agent. [3]

Procyanidin B2 has toxic property towards triple negative breast cancer cells, it may shows new promise for therapeutic intervention of cancer.^[4]

Procyanidin B2(PB2) is absorbed and excreted in urine, and a portion of the PB2 is degraded to (-)-epicatechin and to the metabolized conjugated and/or methylated (-)-epicatechin internally in the rat, PB2 also can reduces the accumulation of lipid peroxide in plasma oxidized by copper ions.^[5]

Procyanidin B2 and a cocoa polyphenolic extract inhibit acrylamide-induced apoptosis in human Caco-2 cells by preventing oxidative stress and activation of JNK pathway.^[6]

Procyanidin B2 has anti- and pro-oxidant effects on metal-mediated DNA damage by interacting with H2O2 and metal ions.^[7]

[Solvent]

Pyridine, DMSO, Methanol, Hot water, etc.

[HPLC Method]^[8]

Mobile phase: Acetonitrile--0.04% Phosphoric acid H2O, gradient elution;

Flow rate: 1.0 ml/min;

Column temperature: 30 ℃;

The wave length of determination: 280 nm.

[Storage]

2-8°C, Protected from air and light, refrigerate or freeze.

[References]

[1] Rodríguez-Ramiro I, Ramos S, Bravo L, et al. Eur. J. Nutr., 2012, 51(7):881-92.

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[3] Avelar M M, Gouvêa C M. Indian J. Pharm. Sci., 2012, 74(4):351-5.

[4]Shilpi A, Parbin S, Sengupta D, et al. Chem.-Biol. Intact., 2015, 233:122-38.

[5] Seigo Baba, Naomi Osakabe, Midori Natsume, et al. Free Radical Bio. Med., 2002, 33(1):142-8.

[6] Ramos S, Bravo L, Goya L, et al. J. Nutr. Biochem., 2011, 22(12):1186-94.

[7] Sakano K, Mizutani M, Murata M, et al. Free Radical Biol. Med., 2005, 39(8):1041-9.

[8] Cheng X G, Ju W Z, Dai G L, et al. Pharm. Clin. Res., 2013, 21(01):39-41.

[Contact]

Address:

S5-3 Building, No. 111, Dongfeng Rd.,

Wuhan Economic and Technological Development Zone,

Wuhan, Hubei 430056,

China

Email: info@chemfaces.com

Tel: +86-27-84237783 **Fax:** +86-27-84254680

Web: www.chemfaces.com

Tech Support: service@chemfaces.com