



## Dehydrocostus lactone Datasheet

4<sup>th</sup> Edition (Revised in July, 2016)

### [ Product Information ]

**Name:** Dehydrocostus lactone

**Catalog No.:** CFN98720

**Cas No.:** 477-43-0

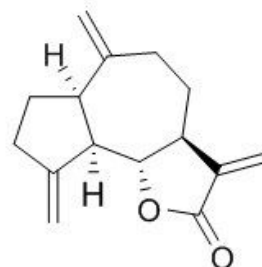
**Purity:** > 98%

**M.F:** C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>18</sub>O<sub>2</sub>

**M.W:** 230.3

**Physical Description:** Cryst.

**Synonyms:** (3aS,6aR,9aR,9bS)-3,6,9-trimethylene-3a,4,5,6a,7,8,9a,9b-octahydroazulen  
o[4,5-b]furan-2-one.



### [ Intended Use ]

1. Reference standards;
2. Pharmacological research;
3. Synthetic precursor compounds;
4. Intermediates & Fine Chemicals;
5. Others.

### [ Source ]

The roots of *Saussurea lappa*.

### [ Biological Activity or Inhibitors ]

Dehydrocostus lactone(DCL) is exuded from sunflower roots and low DCL concentrations stimulate germination of the root parasite *Orobancha cumana*.<sup>[1]</sup>

Dehydrocostus lactone(0.1-10microg/ml) can protect osteoblasts against H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>-induced cellular dysfunction, may be valuable as a protective agent against oxidative damage in osteoblasts.<sup>[2]</sup>

Dehydrocostus lactone increases cellular resistance to oxidant injury in HepG2 cells, may via causing the nuclear accumulation of the nuclear factor E2-related factor 2 (Nrf2) and increasing the promoter activity of antioxidant response element (ARE).<sup>[3]</sup>

Dehydrocostus lactone and costunolide exhibits strong larvicidal activity against *A. albopictus* with LC(50) values of 2.34 and 3.26 ug/ml, respectively, while the essential oil had an LC(50) value of 12.41 ug/ml. <sup>[4]</sup>

### **[ Solvent ]**

Chloroform, Dichloromethane, Ethyl Acetate, DMSO, Acetone, etc.

### **[ HPLC Method ]<sup>[5]</sup>**

Mobile phase: 5% Acetonitrile-Acetonitrile=58 : 42;

Flow rate: 1.0 ml/min;

Column temperature: Room temperature;

The wave length of determination: 225 nm.

### **[ Storage ]**

2-8°C, Protected from air and light, refrigerate or freeze.

### **[ References ]**

[1] El-Nadi M, Zohni O. *Phytochemistry*, 2011, 72(7):624-34.

[2] Choi E M, Kim G H, Yong S L. *Toxicol. In Vitro*, 2009, 23(5):862-7.

[3] Jeong G S, Pae H O, Jeong S O, *et al. Eur. J. Phamarmacol.*, 2007, 565(565):37-44.

[4] Zhi L L, He Q, Sha S C, et al. *Parasitol .Res.* , 2011, 110(6):2125-30.

[5] Tan S J, Qiu D, Liu G, et al. *Chinese Journal of Pharmaceutical Analysis*, 2011, 31(1): 145-7.

## **[ Contact ]**

**Address:**

S5-3 Building, No. 111, Dongfeng Rd.,  
Wuhan Economic and Technological Development Zone,  
Wuhan, Hubei 430056,  
China

**Email:** [info@chemfaces.com](mailto:info@chemfaces.com)

**Tel:** +86-27-84237783

**Fax:** +86-27-84254680

**Web:** [www.chemfaces.com](http://www.chemfaces.com)

**Tech Support:** [service@chemfaces.com](mailto:service@chemfaces.com)