

# **Gentiopicroside Datasheet**

4<sup>th</sup> Edition (Revised in July, 2016)

### [ Product Information ]

Name: Gentiopicroside

Catalog No.: CFN98047

Cas No.: 20831-76-9

**Purity:** > 98%

M.F: C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>20</sub>O<sub>9</sub>

M.W: 356.32

Physical Description: Powder

**Synonyms:** Gentiopicrin; Gentiopicroin;

 $(5beta-trans)-6-(beta-D-Glucopyranosyloxy)-5,6-dihydro-5-vinyl-1H,3H-pyrano[3,4-c]pyran-1-one;1H,3H-pyrano[3,4-c]pyran-1-one,5-ethenyl-6-(<math>\beta$ -D-;glucopyranosyloxy)-5,6-dihydro-,(5R-trans)-;(5R,6S)-5-ethenyl-6-[(2S,3R,4S,5S,6R)-3,4,5-trihydroxy-6-(hydroxymethyl)oxan-2-yl]oxy-5,6-dihydro-3H-pyrano[5,4-c]pyran-1-one.

# [ Intended Use ]

- 1. Reference standards;
- 2. Pharmacological research;
- 3. Synthetic precursor compounds;
- 4. Intermediates & Fine Chemicals;
- 5. Others.

# [Source]

The roots of Gentiana manshurica Kitag.

[ Biological Activity or Inhibitors]

Gentiopicroside, a secoiridoid glycoside isolated from the methanol extract of the aerial

parts of Centaurium erythraea, has antibacterial and free radical scavenging activities, it

also has general toxicity in brine shrimp lethality.[1]

Gentiopicroside has smooth muscle relaxing activity.[2]

Gentiopicroside exhibits analgesic activities and attenuates morphine rewarding effect

through downregulation of GluN2B receptors in nucleus accumbens. [3]

Gentiopicroside has been developed into a novel traditional Chinese drug named

gentiopicroside injection, and it was approved for the treatment of acute jaundice and

chronic active hepatitis by SFDA.[4]

Gentiopicroside exhibits obvious anti-inflammatory effects, it can decrease the

permeability of celiac blood capillary, and reduce the p aw swelling induced by

carrageenan and zymosan A; it can prevent interleukin-1 beta induced inflammation

response in rat articular chondrocyte; gentiopicroside treatment can exert

anti-inflammatory effects on experimental acute colitis through attenuating the expression

levels of TNF-α, IL-1β, IL-6, iNOS and COX-2, and it may present the therapeutic potential

in the treatment of colitis.[5-7]

[Solvent]

Pyridine, Methanol, Ethanol, etc.

[ HPLC Method ]<sup>[8]</sup>

Mobile phase: Acetonitrile-0.03% Phosphoric acid H2O, gradient eiution;

Flow rate: 1.0 ml/min;

Column temperature: Room Temperature;

The wave length of determination: 254 nm.

#### [Storage]

2-8°C, Protected from air and light, refrigerate or freeze.

## [References]

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- [5] Chen C X, Liu Z W, Sun Z R, et al. Chinese Traditional & Herbal Drugs, 2003, 34(9):814-6
- [6] .Zhao L, Ye J, Wu G T, et al. J. Ethnopharmacol., 2015, 172:100-7.
- [7] Niu Y T, Zhao Y P, Jiao Y F, et al. Int. Immunopharmacol., 2016, 39:16-22.
- [8] Lin S J, Tseng H H, Wen K C, et al. J. Chromatogr. A, 1996, 730(1-2):17-23.

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