

# **Ginsenoside Rb1 Datasheet**

4<sup>th</sup> Edition (Revised in July, 2016)

#### [ Product Information ]

Name: Ginsenoside Rb1

Catalog No.: CFN99964

Cas No.: 41753-43-9

**Purity: >=98%** 

**M.F:** C<sub>54</sub>H<sub>92</sub>O<sub>23</sub>

M.W: 1109.29

Physical Description: White powder

**Synonyms:**2-O-β-Glucopyranosyl-(3β,12β)-20-[(6-O-β-D-glucopyranosyl-β-D-glucopyranosyl-β-D-glucopyranosyl-β-D-glucopyranoside; Arasaponin E1;

Gynosaponin C; Panaxoside Rb1; Sanchinoside E1; Sanchinoside Rb1.

### [ Intended Use ]

- 1. Reference standards;
- 2. Pharmacological research;
- 3. Food and cosmetic research;
- 4. Synthetic precursor compounds;
- 5. Intermediates & Fine Chemicals;
- 6. Ingredient in supplements, beverages;
- 7. Others.

#### [Source]

The root and rhizome of *Panax ginseng C. A. Mey.*.

[ Biological Activity or Inhibitors]

Ginsenosides, a class of ginseng compounds of herbal medicine, have therapeutic

potential for the neuroprotection of brain damage after cerebral ischemia because of

their anti-oxidant and anti-inflammation activities, ginsenoside Rb1 can represent

promising applications as anti-oxidants for the anti-aging treatment of neurological

disorders, such as stroke, in elderly patients.[1]

Ginsenoside Rb1 presents cardioprotective effect against I/R or H/R injury which involves

in activating Akt, phosphorylating GSK-3 β and inhibiting mPTP opening.[2]

Ginsenoside Rb1 has anti-oxidative effects on NPCs, may offer potential as a potent

antioxidant for the treatment of neurological disorders.[3]

Ginsenoside Rb1 possesses protective effects on swimming exercise-induced oxidative

stress in mice.[4]

Ginsenosides Rb1 and Rg1 have many molecular targets including the (CREB), which is

involved in melanogenesis, they increase melanogenesis and activity in melanocytes by

the activation of PKA/CREB/MITF Signaling.[5]

Ginsenoside Rb1, ginsenoside Rg1, and estrogen can significantly enhance OVA-specific

IgG responses, lymphocyte proliferation and cytokines mRNA expression and the

enhancement could be blocked by pre-injection of an estrogen receptor antagonist ICI

182780, indicating that ginsenoside Rb1, ginsenoside Rg1, and estrogen may exhibit the

adjuvant activities through estrogen receptors. [6]

[Solvent]

Pyridine, DMSO, Ethanol, Methanol.

[ HPLC Method ][7]

Mobile phase: H2O-Acetonitrile=71:29;

Flow rate: 1.0 ml/min;

Column temperature: 30 °C;

The wave length of determination: 203 nm.

#### [Storage]

2-8℃, Protected from air and light, refrigerate or freeze.

#### [References]

[1] Xiao D, Lei Z, Lu S, et al. Geriatr Gerontol In, 2015,12(1).

[2] Li YH, Li YY, Fan GW, et al. Chin. J. Integr. Med., 2016:1-10.

[3] Ye J, Yao J P, Wang X, et al. Mol. Med. Rep., 2016, 13(4):3083-91.

[4] Qi B, Zhang L, Zhang Z, et al. Pharmacogn. Mag., 2014, 10(40):458-63.

[5] Lin M, Zhang B X, Zhang C, et al. Evid.-Based. Compl. Al., 2014, 2014(14):892073.

[6] Li Y, Wu L, Yuan L, et al. American Journal of Traditional Chinese Veterinary Medicine, 2012,2(7):1-17.

[7] Ji L N, Feng W H, Wang Z M, et al. China journal of Chinese materia medica, 2013, 38(17):2798-802.

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