

# **Isoacteoside Datasheet**

4<sup>th</sup> Edition (Revised in July, 2016)

## [ Product Information ]

Name: Isoacteoside

Catalog No.: CFN97049

Cas No.: 61303-13-7

**Purity:** > 98%

M.F: C<sub>29</sub>H<sub>36</sub>O<sub>15</sub>

M.W: 624.6

Physical Description: Powder

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 $\label{thm:synonyms:lsoverbascoside} \textbf{Synonyms:} Isoverbascoside; 2-(3,4-dihydroxyphenyl)ethyl3-O-(6-deoxy-a-L-mannopyran osyl)-,6-[3-(3,4-dihydroxyphenyl)-2-propenoate], (E)-; [(2R,3R,4S,5R,6R)-5-(3,4-Dihydroxyphenyl)-6-ethoxy-3,5-dihydroxy-4-[(2S,3R,4R,5R,6S)-3,4,5-trihydroxy-6-methyloxan-2-yl] oxyoxan-2-yl]methyl-(E)-3-(3,4-dihydroxyphenyl)prop-2-enoate.$ 

# [ Intended Use ]

- 1. Reference standards;
- 2. Pharmacological research;
- 3. Food research;
- 4. Cosmetic research;
- 5. Synthetic precursor compounds;
- 6. Care and daily chemicals;
- 7. Intermediates & Fine Chemicals;
- 8. Ingredient in supplements, beverages;

9. Others.

[Source]

The herb of Pedicularis striata Pall.

[ Biological Activity or Inhibitors]

Isoacteoside, isolated from Clerodendron trichotomum (Verbenaceae), has antioxidant

properties, can scavenge intracellular reactive oxygen species (ROS) and 1,1-diphenyl-

2-picrylhydrazyl (DPPH) radical, prevent lipid peroxidation, and reduce the apoptotic cells

formation induced by H2O2.[1]

Isoacteoside has inhibitory activities against protein glycation in vitro may apply to cell

models at higher glucose concentrations or to diabetic animal models.<sup>[2]</sup>

Isoacteoside has anti-inflammatory activity, can significantly suppress the production and

mRNA expression of proinflammatory cytokines including IL-1β, IL-6, IL-8 and TNF-α in

PMACI-stimulated HMC-1 cells without cytotoxicity. [3]

Isoacteoside and echinacoside stimulate the increase of  $\alpha 7$  and  $\alpha 3$  proteins in the

cultured cells, attenuate the decreased expression of a3 and a7 nAChR subunit proteins

and cell viability on SH-SY5Y cells induced by Aβ, they may play neuroprotective role by

stimulating nAChR expression, which might be important in a therapeutic strategy to AD.[4]

[Solvent]

Pyridine, DMSO, Ethanol, Methanol.

[ HPLC Method ]<sup>[5]</sup>

Mobile phase: Acetonitrile: H2O(PH adjusted to 4.5 using acetic acid ), gradient elution;

Flow rate: 1.0 ml/min;

Column temperature: 20 °C;

The wave length of determination: 330 nm.

#### [Storage]

2-8℃, Protected from air and light, refrigerate or freeze.

#### [References]

[1] Chae S, Kim J S, Kang K A, et al. J. Toxicol. Env. Heal A, 2005, 68(5):389-400.

[2] Liu Y H, Lu Y L, Han C H, et al. Bot. Stud., 2013, 54(1):1-9.

[3] Nam S Y, Kim H Y, Yoou M S, et al. Immunopharm. Immunot., 2015, 37(3):1-7.

[4] Qi X L, Xiao H T, Xiao Y, et al. Lishizhen Medicine & Materia Medica Research, 2011, 22(7):1561-3.

[5] Li M X, Wei L L, Tao R, et al. Chinese Pharmacy, 2014 (11):1027-9.

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