

Isorhamnetin Datasheet

4th Edition (Revised in July, 2016)

[Product Information]

Name: Isorhamnetin

Catalog No.: CFN98735

Cas No.: 480-19-3

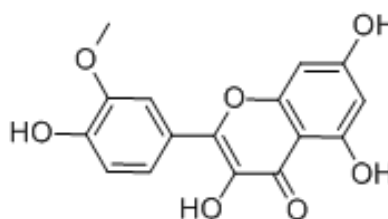
Purity: >=98%

M.F: C₁₆H₁₂O₇

M.W: 316.26

Physical Description: Yellow powder

Synonyms: 3,5,7-Trihydroxy-2-(4-hydroxy-3-methoxyphenyl)benzopyran-4-on;
3,5,7-Trihydroxy-2-(4-hydroxy-3-methoxyphenyl)-4H-1-benzopyran-4-one; 3-Methylquercetin.



[Intended Use]

1. Reference standards;
2. Pharmacological research;
3. Synthetic precursor compounds;
4. Intermediates & Fine Chemicals;
5. Aromatics;
6. Others.

[Source]

The herbs of *Typha orientalis Presl.*

[Biological Activity or Inhibitors]

Isorhamnetin, isolated from *Hippophae rhamnoides* L., has anti-tumor activity, has cytotoxic effect on BEL-7402 cells with IC_{50} equal to $74.4 \pm 1.13 \text{ ug ml}^{-1}$ after treatment with isorhamnetin for 72 h.^[1]

Isorhamnetin and quercetin prevent angiotensin II (AngII)-induced endothelial dysfunction by inhibiting the overexpression of p47(phox) and the subsequent increases O_2^- -production, resulting in increased nitric oxide bioavailability.^[2]

Isorhamnetin, kaempferol, and quercetin preferentially inhibit the in vitro catalytic activity of human CYP1B1. ^[3]

Isorhamnetin has anti-adipogenic effects in mouse 3T3-L1 cells, it inhibits the adipogenic differentiation of hAMSCs and that its mechanisms are mediated by the stabilization of β -catenin.^[4]

Isorhamnetin prevent endothelial cell injuries from oxidized LDL via activation of p38MAPK.^[5]

Isorhamnetin inhibits the H_2O_2 -induced activation of the intrinsic apoptotic pathway via ROS scavenging and ERK inactivation, thus, it is a promising reagent for the treatment of ROS-induced cardiomyopathy.^[6]

Isorhamnetin appears to be a potent drug against esophageal cancer due to its in vitro potential to not only inhibit proliferation but also induce apoptosis of Eca-109 cells.^[7]

[Solvent]

Chloroform, Dichloromethane, Ethyl Acetate, DMSO, Acetone, etc.

[HPLC Method]^[8]

Mobile phase: Methanol- Acetonitrile- 1.0% Acetic acid $H_2O=40:15:45$;

Flow rate: 1.0 ml/min;

Column temperature: Room Temperature;

The wave length of determination: 368 nm.

[Storage]

2-8°C, Protected from air and light, refrigerate or freeze.

[References]

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- [3] Chang T K H, Chen J, Yeung E Y H. *Toxicol. Appl. Pharmacol.*, 2006, 213(1):18-26.
- [4] Jongsung Lee, Jienny Lee, Eunsun Jung, *et al. Life Sci.*, 2010, 86(11-12):416-23.
- [5] Bao M, Lou Y. *Eur. J. Pharmacol.*, 2006, 547(1-3):22-30.
- [6] .Sun B, Sun G, Xiao J, *et al. J.Cell. Biochem.*, 2012, 113(2):473-85.
- [7] Gang M, Yang C, Yi Q, *et al. Chem. Biol. Int.*, 2007, 167(2):153-60.
- [8] Zu Y, Li C, Fu Y, *et al. J. Pharm. Biomed. Anal.*, 2006, 41(3):714-9.

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