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alpha-Viniferin Datasheet

4th Edition (Revised in July, 2016)

[Product Information]

Name: alpha-Viniferin

Catalog No.: CFN97068

Cas No.: 62218-13-7

Purity: > 98%

M.F: C₄₂H₃₀O₉

M.W: 678.7

Physical Description: Powder

Synonyms:(2R,2aR,7R,7aR,12S,12aS)-2,7,12-tris(4-hydroxyphenyl)-2,2a,7,7a,12,12a-h exahydrobis[1]benzofuro[3',4':4,5,6;3",4":7,8,9]cyclonona[1,2,3-cd][1]benzofuran-4,9,14-t

riol.

[Intended Use]

- 1. Reference standards;
- 2. Pharmacological research;
- 3. Synthetic precursor compounds;
- 4. Intermediates & Fine Chemicals;
- 5. Others.

[Source]

The herb of Carex humilis Leyss.

[Biological Activity or Inhibitors]

Alpha-viniferin isolated from Caragana chamlagu is a trimer of resveratrol, has

anti-inflammatory, anti-oxidant, anti-arthritis, and anti-tumor activities;alpha-viniferin

strongly inhibits 7 of the 9 CYP isoforms (except CYP2A6 and CYP2E1); alpha-viniferin

strongly inhibits CYP2C19-mediated omegrazole 5-hydroxylation and CYP3A4-catalyzed

midazolam 1-hydroxylation with IC 50 values of 0.93 and 1.2µM, respectively.[1]

(+)-Alpha-viniferin, a stilbene trimer from Caragana chamlague, inhibits acetylcholine

-sterase (AChE) activity in a dose-dependent manner, the IC50 value is 2.0 microM.[2]

Alpha-viniferin at doses> 30 mg/kg(p. o.) or > 3 mg/kg (i. v.)shows significant

through inhibition of cyclooxygenase-2 and inducible nitric anti-inflammatory activity

oxide synthase on carrageenin-induced paw edema in mice; alpha-Viniferin showed an

inhibitory effect with an IC(50) value of 4.9 microM on COX-2 activity, but a very weak

inhibitory effect at 100 microM on COX-1 activity; alpha-Viniferin inhibited synthesis of

iNOS transcript with an IC50 value of 4.7 microM.[3]

Alpha-viniferin is a prostaglandin H2 synthase inhibitor, the inhibitory potency of

(+)-alpha-viniferin is about 3- to 4-fold stronger than that of resveratrol on cyclooxygenase

activity of prostaglandin H2 synthase partially purified from sheep seminal vesicles.[4]

[Solvent]

Chloroform, Dichloromethane, DMSO, Acetone, etc.

[HPLC Method]^[5]

Mobile phase: Methanol-Acetonitrile-Buffer(pH=4.50)= 16.2: 12.8: 71.0;

Flow rate: 1.0 ml/min;

Column temperature: 30 °C;

The wave length of determination: 284nm.

[Storage]

2-8°C, Protected from air and light, refrigerate or freeze.

[References]

[1] Sim J, Jang H W, Min S, et al. Food Chem. Toxicol., 2014, 69:276-80.

[2] Sung S H, Kang S Y, Lee K Y, et al. Biol. Pharm. Bull., 2002, 25(1):125-7.

[3] Chung E Y, Kim B H, Lee M K, et al. Planta Med., 2003, 69(8):710-4.

[4] Lee S H, Shin N H, Kang S H, et al. Planta Med., 1998, 64(3):204-7.

[5] Shu N, Zhou H, Hu C. Biol. Pharm. Bull., 2006, 29(4):608-12.

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